

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Summary of Auditors' Results Financial Statement Findings Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

FINANCIAL SECTION

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Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board
Rialto Unified School District
Rialto, California

management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rialto Unified School District

statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial Educational Agencies 2010-11, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those Comptroller General of the United States; and Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America;

accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with remaining fund information of the Rialto Unified School District, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective

changes required as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 for the year ended June 30, 2011. As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the accompanying financial statements reflect certain

educational community of a recessionary economy, which directly impacts the funding requirements of the State of California to the K-12 As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the State of California continues to suffer the effects

our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit. compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2011, on

supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it. accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally and budgetary comparison and other postemployment information on pages 61 and 62, are not a required part of principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required The required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 13

including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards which is required by U.S. Office of Management and comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, is presented for been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion,

Variable of river Day & Co., Lut

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 9, 2011



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EDUCATION **BOARD OF**

Joseph Ayala

Joanne T. Gilbert

Joseph W. Martinez

Edgar Montes

Michael G. Ridgway

Assistant Superintendent Business Services **BUSINESS SERVICES**

> conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. This section of Rialto Unified School District's (the District) 2010-2011 annual financial report that ended on June 30 2011, with comparative information for June 30, 2010. Please read it in presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Rialto Unified School Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34

statement in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables. liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. activities separately. The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), as well as all They present governmental activities and business-type

the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental and the Business-Type Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and

proprietary, and fiduciary. The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental

accrual basis of accounting. The Governmental Activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified

accounting. The Proprietary Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of

accounting. The Fiduciary Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of

explain the differences created by the integrated approach. Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to

The Primary unit of the government is the Rialto Unified School District

Youth: Our Most Valuable Resource

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and

or decreases in the District's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or assets and liabilities, one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases District's facilities. deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in them. Net assets are the difference between

consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the governing board's safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we separate the District activities as follows:

development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds. Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the finance these activities.

Business-type Activities - The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. District's nutrition services are included here The

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. and establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management California Departments of Education. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on

additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. business-type activities we report in the government-wide financial statements but provide more detail and of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets. In fact, the District's enterprise fund is the same as the funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets body activities. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. We The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for funds held on behalf of others, like our funds for associated student for their intended purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

governing board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and change in net assets (Table 2) of the District's governmental and businessconstraints from debt covenants, grantors, constitutional provisions, and enabling legislation that limit the June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010, respectively. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal The District's net assets were \$314.1 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, and \$325.5 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Of this amount, \$33.9 million and \$18.5 million were unrestricted for type activities.

Table 1

Total Net Assets	Unrestricted	Restricted	net of related debt	Invested in capital assets,	Net Assets	Total Liabilities	Long-term obligations	Current liabilities	Liabilities	Total Assets	Capital assets	Current and other assets	Assets		(Amounts in millions)
8												S			Go
293.8	13.6	25.7	254.5			136.0	114.4	21.6		429.8	327.2	102.6		2011	Governmental Activities
S												↔		2	l Act
\$ 305.5	8.6	32.5	264.4			106.7	90.5	16.2		412.2	335.0	77.2		2010	ivities
69												↔		2	Busi
20.3	20.3		•			0.5	ı	0.5		20.8	10.7	10.1		2011	Business-Type Activities
S												↔		2	e Ac
20.0	9.9		10.1					1		20.0	10.1	9.9		2010	tivities
S						1						69	П	12	Scho
314.1	33.9	25.7	254.5			136.5	114.4	22.1		450.6	337.9	112.7		2011	School District Activities
69												₩.	•	2	ict A
325.5	18.5	32.5	274.5			106.7	90.5	16.2		432.2	345.1	87.1) -	2010	tivities

The \$13.6 million in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 15. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

Change III Net Assets	Iransters	Excess (Deficiency)	Total Expenses	Other	Food services	Maintenance and operations	Administration	Student support services	Instruction-related	Expenses	Total Revenues	Other general revenues	Property taxes	not restricted	Federal and State aid	General revenues:	and contributions	Capital grants	and contributions	Operating grants	Charges for services	Program revenues:	Revenues		(Amounts in millions)
6												1									↔				ရွ
(11.7)	1.9	(13.6)	239.1	5.1		28.6	14.9	16.9	173.6		225.5	9.2	13.4	151.0					51.7		0.2			2011	Governmental Activities
4																					↔			 	ıtal A
(27.6)		(27.6)	247.1	4.2	1	27.9	13.8	16.0	185.2		219.5	8.3	14.7	138.5			0.2		57.4		0.4			2010	tivities
9																					↔				Bu
0.3	(1.9)	2.2	14.3		14.3		Ē		•		16.5	0.1	î				1		15.0		1.4			2011	Business-Type Activities
S																					↔		ĺ		pe A
1.9		1.9	13.2		13.2	ı	î		ı		15.1	1	•				1		13.5		1.6			2010	ctivities
69																					↔				Sch
(11.4)		(11.4)	253.4	5.1	14.3	28.6	14.9	16.9	173.6		242.0	9.3	13.4	151.0			1		66.7	į	1.6			2011	School District Activities
€9																				4	69		ĺ		rict A
(25.7)		(25.7)	260.3	4.2	13.2	27.9	13.8	16.0	185.2		234.6	& သ	14.7	138.5			0.2	,	70.9	ļ	2.0			2010	ctivities

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 15, the cost of all of the District's activities this year was \$253.4 million and \$260.3 million for June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010, respectively. However, the amount that and June 30, 2010, respectively. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$66.8 million and \$71.1 million for June 30, 2011, \$2.0 million for June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010, respectively, or by other governments and organizations who June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010. The cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs, \$1.6 million and our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was \$13.4 million and \$14.7 million for funds and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements. activities with \$160.3 million and \$146.8 million for June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010, respectively, in State

the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this services, administration, plant services, and the remaining functional costs. As discussed above, net cost shows provided by that function. information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are instruction, instruction-related programs, school administration, pupil transportation services, other pupil support In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions - regular program

Table 3

Total	Other	Plant services	General administration	Other pupil services	Home-to-school transportation	School administration	Instruction-related activities	Instruction		(Amounts in millions)
€9	:							\$		
239.1	5.1	28.6	14.9	12.9	4.0	15.9	16.9	140.8	2011	Total Cost of Services
€9								↔		f Serv
\$ 247.1	4.2	27.9	13.8	12.1	3.9	17.3	17.9	150.0	2010	ices
69								↔		
187.2	3.9	28.4	12.6	9.4	3.0	13.6	5.8	110.5	2011	Net Cost of Services
69								↔		Servi
189.1	3.0	26.7	10.6	7.7	2.1	14.6	6.0	118.4	2010	ces

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$79 million as of June 30, 2011, which is an increase of \$18.6 million from last year (Table 4).

Table 4

Total	COP Debt Service	Bond Interest and Redemption	Special Reserve Capital Outlay	County School Facilities	Capital Facilities	Deterred Maintenance	Child Development	Adult Education	Building	General Fund		(Amounts in millions)
€9										⇔	July	
60.4	0.1	4.9	0.2	5.0	3.4	1.9	1.4	0.1		43.4	July 1, 2010	
\$										↔	Re	
260.1	1.1	5.1	2.2	T _E	0.7	ī	2.9		29.0	219.1	Revenues	Balances and Activity
S										⇔	Exp	and Acti
241.5		4.5	0.4	1.0	2.5	1.9	3.5	0.1	2.0	224.5	Expenditures	vity
€9										₩	June	
79.0	0.1	5.5	2.0	4.0	1.6	ī	0.8	ı	27.0	38.0	June 30, 2011	

The primary reasons for these decreases are:

- a. \$5.4 million to \$38 million. This decrease is due to the decrease in State revenue limit. Our General Fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund decreased by
- **b**. receipt of General Obligation Bond Measure Y proceeds. Our Building Fund has showed a net increase of approximately \$27 million due to the issuance and

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

provided in our annual report on page 58. showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 29, 2011. A schedule

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$7.1 million, or two percent, from last year (Table 5). At June 30, 2011, and June 30, 2010, the District had \$337.9 million and \$345.0 million, respectively, in a broad

Table 5

\$ 327.2 \$ 334.9 \$ 10.7 \$ 10.1	16.0 18.1 0.5 0.5	nd improvements 267.0 253.2 9.1 9.6	\$ 44.2 \$ 63.6 \$ 1.1 \$ -	Land and construction	2011 2010 2011 2010 2011	
337.9	16.5	276.1	45.3		2011	Tot
\$ 345.0	16.5 18.6	262.8	\$ 63.6		2010	otal

equipment such as computers. This year's total additions included construction in process, vehicles, cafeteria equipment, and classroom

the financial statements. \$36.3 million for the 2011-12 year. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in Note 4 to Several capital projects are planned for the 2011-12 year. We anticipate major capital additions to be

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2011

Long-Term Obligations

last year, a slight increase from the previous year. At the end of this year, the District had \$112.5 million in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$90.5 million

Table 6

Total	Other	City of Rialto	revolving fund	Child care facilities	Certificates of participation	(financed with property taxes)	General obligation bonds		(Amounts in millions)
69						↔			G
\$ 112.5	14.5	5.8	0.3		6.8	85.1		2011	Governmental Activities
69						↔			al Acti
\$ 90.5	18.8	5.9	0.5		14.4	50.9		2010	ivities
8						↔		2	Bus
69	ï	î			1			2011	Business-Ty
69						€		2	pe Activities
\$		ŧ			1	,		010	ivities
89						69			
\$ 112.5	14.5	5.8	0.3	ć	× 7	85.1		2011	T
69						€9			Total
\$ 90.5	18.8	5.9	0.5	14.4	144	50.9		2010	

The District's general obligation bond rating continues to be "A-". The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that districts can issue to 2.5 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the imposed limit. district's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$85.1 million is below the statutorily-

financial statements. Other obligations include a supplemental early retirement plan and a loan from the City of Rialto Redevelopment Agency (RDA). We present more detailed information regarding our long-term obligations in Note 8 of the

JUNE 30, 2011 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2011-12 year, the governing board and management used the following

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

Financial

- 1.81 percent projected student enrollment decline.
- 2 2.24 percent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) on Revenue Limit and all other Revenues and with a 19.754 percent deficit.
- Negotiations with unions for salary increases are settled or tentatively settled in 2011-2012
- A \$995 increase for health and welfare benefits for each full-time employee
- 4 2 Developer fee collections are based on estimated new housing units to be constructed

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

Total	Grades nine through twelve	Grades six through eight	Grades three through five	Grades one and two	Kindergarten	
	28:1	28:1	32:1	32:1	32:1	Staffing Ratio
<u>26,745</u>	8,291	6,286	6,057	4,061	2,050	Enrollment

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. 92376, or e-mail at ccridelich@rialto.k12.ca.us. Superintendent, Business Services, at Rialto Unified School District, 182 E. Walnut Avenue, Rialto, California you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Debt service Capital projects Educational programs Other activities Unrestricted Total Net Assets	Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Accrued revenue Long-term obligations Current portion of long-term obligations Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations Total Long-Term Obligations Total Liabilities	ASSETS Deposits and investments Receivables Internal balances Prepaid expenses Stores inventories Deferred cost on issuance Capital assets Land and work in process Other capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation Total Capital Assets Total Assets
254,472,239 4,471,503 7,600,841 13,706,789 - 13,581,199 \$ 293,832,571	15,808,535 1,092,112 4,679,785 5,214,805 109,142,683 114,357,488 135,937,920	Governmental Activities \$ 47,452,651 49,900,762 525,076 2,408,599 70,893 2,170,542 44,157,781 413,795,077 (130,710,890) 327,241,968 429,770,491
20,304,624 \$ 20,304,624	2,983	Business-Type
254,472,239 4,471,503 7,600,841 13,706,789 20,304,624 13,581,199 \$ 314,137,195	15,811,518 1,092,112 4,679,785 5,214,805 109,142,683 114,357,488 135,940,903	Total \$ 54,635,588

JUNE 30, 2011 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

					Program Revenues	es	
			Cha	Charges for	Operating	Capital	
			Serv	Services and	Grants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Sales	Contributions	Contributions	
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	140,747,998	6 9	6,711	\$ 30,173,213	\$ 50,869	69
Instruction-related activities:							
Supervision of instruction		14,168,281		825	11,046,937		·
Instructional library, media, and technology		2,728,666			94,918		î
School site administration		15,948,898		28	2,391,911		1
Pupil services:							
Home-to-school transportation		4,005,255		•	1,001,079		ě
All other pupil services		12,885,155			3,445,820		•
Administration:							
Data processing		3,522,249			9,492		•
All other administration		11,352,525		193	2,247,989		ì
Plant services		28,066,673		40,301	188,177		•
Facility acquisition and construction		547,018			1		ı
Ancillary services		14,880		1			•
Community services		13,867		ı	5,646		1
Enterprise services		449			ı		ı
Interest on long-term obligations		4,322,665		1	1		٠
Other outgo		783,023		123,566	1,071,676		.
Total Governmental Activities		239,107,602		171,624	51,676,858	50,	50,869
Business-Type Activities							
Food services		14,276,320		1,426,634	15,036,629		
Total Business-Type Activities		14,276,320		1,426,634	15,036,629		
	Gener	General revenues and subventions:	bventic	ons:			

General revenues and subventions:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Taxes levied for other specific purposes

Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes

Interest and investment earnings

Interagency revenues Miscellaneous

Subtotal, General Revenues

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expenses) Revenues and
Changes in Net Assets
Business-

514,137,175	١	Φ 20,504,024	# £70,00£,011	11 2
21/ 127 105	 		\$ 203 832 571	ام
325,488,847		19.975.160	305.513.687	
(11,351,652)	İ	329,464	(11,681,116)	
173,669,656	ĺ	(1,857,479)	175,527,135	
•		(1,912,000)	1,912,000	
(11,351,652)	İ	2,241,464	(13,593,116)	
173,669,656	İ	54,521	173,615,135	
7,712,864			7,712,864	
1,156,577			1,156,577	
404,936		54,521	350,415	
151,029,811			151,029,811	
97,342			97,342	
4,415,377		F	4,415,377	
8,852,749		•	8,852,749	
2,186,943	i	2,186,943	ja ,	- 1
2,186,943	Ì	2,186,943	1	1
(187,208,251)			(187,208,251)	1
412,219	İ		412,219	l l
(4,322,665)		ı	(4,322,665)	
(449)		1	(449)	
(8,221)			(8,221)	
(14,880)		ı	(14,880)	
(547,018)		ı	(547,018)	
(27,838,195)		ı	(27,838,195)	
(9,104,343)			(9,104,343)	
(3,512,757)		i	(3,512,757)	
(9,439,335)		•	(9,439,335)	
(3,004,176)		,	(3,004,176)	
(13,556,959)		1	(13,556,959)	
(2,633,748)		•	(2,633,748)	
(3,120,519)		ı	(3,120,519)	
(110,517,205)	↔	€ 9	\$ (110,517,205)	
Total	i	Activities	Activities	Î
		Type	Governmental	
		Business-		

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2011

	Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and	Total Fund Balances	Unassigned	Restricted	Nonspendable	Fund Balances:	Total Liabilities	Deferred revenue	Due to other funds	Accounts payable	Liabilities:	FUND BALANCES	LIABILITIES AND	Total Assets	Stores inventories	Prepaid expenditures	Due from other funds	Receivables	Deposits and investments	ASSETS			
	€>														↔					69				
	68,308,747 \$ 28,703,974 \$ 16,709,998		38,018,092	22,613,840	12,874,760	2,529,492		30,290,655	4,679,785	10,763,286	14,847,584				68,308,747	70,893	2,408,599	2,567,124	49,749,609	13,512,522		Fund	General	
	↔														€>					€9				
	28,703,974		27,056,206		27,056,206	1		1,647,768		1,354,524	293,244				28,703,974			10,056,246	53,876	18,593,852		Funds	Building	
j	6 2			İ				ĺ							69					↔			Go	2
	16,709,998		13,996,485	4	13,996,485			2,713,513	1	2,046,255	667,258				16,709,998			1,625,528	96,548	14,987,922		Funds	Governmental	Non-Major
ĺ	\$														\$ 1					↔			Gov	
	\$ 113,722,719		79,070,783	22,613,840	53,927,451	2,529,492		34,651,936	4,679,785	14,164,065	15,808,086				\$ 113,722,719	70,893	2,408,599	14,248,898	49,900,033	47,094,296		Funds	Governmental	Total

JUNE 30, 2011 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

\$ 25 (1)	Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	Total Long-Term Obligations	Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) (5,908,874)	Accumulated vacation (net) (820,141)	Supplemental early retirement plan (7,802,538)	City of Rialto Redevelopment Agency Loan (5,799,914)		Discount on debt issuances 1,047,712	Premium on debt issuances (2,806,887)	1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation (3,515,000)		2010 General Obligation Bonds (36,627,187)	1999 General Obligation Bonds (48,513,267)	Long-term obligations at year-end consist of:	current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	Long-term obligations, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	with governmental activities.	The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included	of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual funds.	An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs	unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized when it is incurred.	In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government wide frame in the period when it is due. On the government wide frame in the period when it is due. On the government wide frame in the period when it is due.	modified accrual basis, but are not recognized in the accrual basis.	Expenditures relating to issuance of debt of next fiscal year were recognized in	Net Capital Assets	Accumulated depreciation is (130,710,890)	The cost of capital assets is \$ 457,952,858	therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	Assets are Different Recause:	Tall 10 Tale of the second sec
MAILA NI	\$ 293,832,571	(11)	874)	141)	538)	914)	392)	712	887)	000)	000)	187)	267)								(1.092.112)				327,241,968	,890)	,858				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 **FUND BALANCES**

\$ 13,010,103	3 13,770,465	\$ 21,030,200	\$ 38,018,092	Fund Balances - Ending
		\$ 27.050.200	1	rund balances - beginning
60,402,918	(5,000,794)	687	(5,386,860) 43 404 957	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
32,323,048	1,374,047	29,015,523	1,933,478	Net Financing Sources (Uses)
(7,055,000)	31	(7,055,000)	1	Other uses
(6,413,603)	(3,496,882)	(1,357,524)	(1,559,197)	Transfers out
37,906,291	534,490	37,371,801		Other sources
/,885,360	4,336,439	56,246	3,492,675	Transfers in
7 005 7 0				Other Financing Sources (Uses)
(13,655,183)	(4,374,841)	(1,960,004)	(7,320,338)	Revenues Over Expenditures
				Excess (Deficiency) of
239,166,125	12,622,163	2,025,551	224,518,411	Total Expenditures
4,286,647	2,707,104	1,576,416	3,127	Interest and other
3,495,966	3,495,966	ı	•	Principal
				Debt service
783,023		1	783,023	Other outgo
13,980		•	13,980	Community services
4,701,087	2,504,114	449,135	1,747,838	Facility acquisition and construction
27,143,358	606,074	,	26,537,284	Plant services
11,199,497	162,796	•	11,036,701	All other administration
3,566,756	•	•	3,566,756	Data processing
				Administration:
12,520,576	45,812	ı	12,474,764	All other pupil services
4,034,737			4,034,737	Home-to-school transportation
				Pupil services:
16,089,287	621,591		15,467,696	School site administration
2,747,351		ı	2,747,351	Instructional library, media and technology
14,283,700	137,853	•	14,145,847	Supervision of instruction
				Instruction-related activities:
134,300,160	2,340,853		131,959,307	Instruction
				Current
				EXPENDITURES
225,510,942	8,247,322	65,547	217,198,073	Total Revenues
19,644,360	5,243,132	65,547	14,335,681	Other local sources
45,611,820	2,956,052	•	42,655,768	Other State sources
22,270,037	48,138	1	22,221,899	Federal sources
\$ 137,984,725	\$	⇔	\$ 137,984,725	Revenue limit sources
	•			REVENUES
Funds	Funds	Fund	Fund	
Governmental	Governmental	Building	General	
Total	Non-Major			
r				

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

10tal Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18 667 965
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	10,000,000
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental	

This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.

annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.

funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as

(7,695,166) 1,870,776 2,040,250 2,040,250 762,050 2,735,000 (36,627,187) 1,145,000 6,395,000 197,014 78,952		In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earmed during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, there were special termination benefits paid in the amounts of \$2,058,135. Vacation earned was less than the amounts paid by \$187,359. Contributions for postemployment benefits are recorded as an expense in the governmental funds when paid. However, the difference between the annual required contribution and the actual contribution made, if less, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements as an expense. The actual amount of the contribution was more than the annual required contribution. Debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred in governmental funds. However, in the government-wide financial statements, issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. The difference between debt issue costs recognized in the current period and issue costs amortized for the period is: Payment of principal on long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities: 1999 General Obligation Bonds 2010 General Obligation Bonds 2016 Care Facilities Revolving Fund City of Rialto Redevelopment Agency
1	(12,089,716)	Net Expense Adjustment
	\$ 4,394,550	Depreciation expense

JUNE 30, 2011 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued)

If debt is issued at a discount or a premium in governmental funds, the premium or premium/discount recognized in the current period and the amortization for the period is: discount is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. The difference between the period it is incurred. In the government-wide financial statements, the premium or discount is recognized as an other financing source or an other financing use in the

\$ (1,261,472)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - insurance claims are measured by the amounts incurred during the year based upon actuarial assumptions. liability paid was more than the amounts incurred. amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The claims In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the

Interest on long-term obligations in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount additional accumulated interest was accreted on the District's "capital appreciation" regardless of when it is due. The additional interest reported in the Statement of funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the bonds/certificates of participation increased by \$14,177 and second, \$801,523 of Activities is the result of two factors. First, accrued interest on the general obligation Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, general obligation bonds.

383,164

An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of the deductible portion of property and liability claims to the individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

443,338

(815,700)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ (11,681,116)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Total Net Assets	Current Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Total Current Liabilities	Noncurrent Assets Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation Total Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	Current Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Due from other funds Stores inventories Total Current Assets	
9,573,769 10,730,855 \$ 20,304,624	2,983 525,076 528,059	15,026,604 (4,317,232) 10,709,372 20,832,683	\$ 7,182,937 2,535,481 - 404,893 10,123,311	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Nutrition Services
798,878 798,878	449	799,327	\$ 358,355 729 440,243 - 799,327	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 PROPRIETARY FUNDS IN FUND NET ASSETS

	Business-Type	
	Activities Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities -
	Nutrition	Internal
	Services	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 1,426,634	5
Total Operating Revenues	1,426,634	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Payroll costs	4,639,090	ı
Supplies and materials	8,142,867	
Other operating cost	520,102	117
Depreciation expenses	14 276 320	449
Operating Loss	(12,849,686)	(449)
Q	-	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		1
Interest income	54,521	3,544
Transfers in	•	440,243
Transfers out	(1,912,000)	
Grants	15,036,629	
Total Nonoperating		
Revenues	13,179,150	443,787
Change in Net Assets	329,464	443,338
Total Net Assets - Beginning	19,975,160	355,540
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 20,304,624	\$ 798,878

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investing Activities	Interest on investments Net Cash Provided Used for	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Capital and Related Financing Activities	Acquisition of capital assets Net Cash Used for	FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Noncapital Financing Activities	Transfers to other fund Net Cash Provided by	Transfers from other fund	Nononerating grants received	FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Operating Activities	Net Cash Used for	Other operating cash payments	Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services	Casa receipts from customers	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	CASH ELONIS EDON OPPO					
€9				=														↔				En		=	
7,182,937	8,024,104	(841,167)	54,521	54,521	(1,100,000)	(1 135 603)	(1,135,603)		13,124,629	(1,912,000)	15,036,629			(12,884,714)	(919,641)	(4,639,090)	(8,186,339)	860,356		Enterprise	Major	Enterprise Funds	Activities	Business-Type	
↔																		€ ?		S			คู		
358,355	354,506	3,849	3,849	3,849		ı			ı					•	i	Ŭ.	•	1		Service Fund	Internal	Activities -	Governmental		

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund \$ (4
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FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to student groups Total Liabilities	ASSETS Deposits and investments Receivables Prepaid expenses Stores inventories Total Assets
\$ 40,487 749,702 \$ 790,189	Agency Funds \$ 771,678 504 500 17,507 \$ 790,189

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

eighteen elementary schools, five middle schools, three high schools, one continuation high school, an alternative educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates high school, an adult school, a preschool program, and an infant program. California. The Rialto Unified School District (the District) was unified on July 1, 1964, under the laws of the State of The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides

School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Rialto Unified included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are

Component Units

the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit has a purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the benefit of the District. governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because its financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the District's operations because the financial statements of the District. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and thus is included in the financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmenta units may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component

the government-wide financial statements. statements present the Corporation's financial activity within the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Fund and the financial activity of the Corporation has been included in the financial statements of the District. The financial Financial Reporting Entity, for inclusion of the Corporation as a component unit of the District. Accordingly, the operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the GASB Statement No. 14, The by the 1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation and the 2006 Certificates of Participation, have a financial and The District and the Rialto Unified School District School Facilities Corporation (the Corporation), as represented COP Debt Service Fund. All debt instruments issued by the Corporation are included as long-term obligations in

accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially component units. would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District reports no such

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or major governmental funds: financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between

Major Governmental Funds

financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for and report all

(Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds

Non-Major Governmental Funds

or capital projects) of the individual funds. revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for the specific purpose (other than debt service Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific

revenues for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only, except for State revenues which, as a result of Senate Bill 4 of the 2009-10 Third Extraordinary Session (SBX3 4), may be used for any educational purpose. Adult Education Fund The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local

of child development programs. local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and

apportionments which, as a result of Senate Bill 4 of the 2009-10 Third Extraordinary Session (SBX3 4), may apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (Education Code Sections be used for any educational purpose Deferred Maintenance Fund The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for State 17582-17587) and for items of maintenance approved by the State Allocation Board, except for State

capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are

received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development Section 66006). Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code (Education Code Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition IA), the County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to Education Code facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070 et seq.).

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund The Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (Education Code Section 42840).

restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on long-term obligations Debt Service Funds The Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are

bonds issued for a District (Education Code Sections 15125-15262). Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of

principal of Certificates of Participation. COP Debt Service Fund The COP Debt Service Fund is used to account for the interest and redemption of

pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise assets, financial position, and cash flows. The District applies all GASB pronouncements, as well as the Financial Proprietary Funds Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those The District has the following proprietary funds:

financial transactions related to the nutrition service operations of the District. external users for goods or services. The Nutrition Service major enterprise fund of the District accounts for the Enterprise Fund Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to

self-insurance program where reserves for claims are held in the internal service fund. provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates a dental and vision Internal Service Fund Internal service funds may be used to account for any activity for which services are

and agency funds. category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund

measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The Trust funds are used to account for the assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private entities at some future time. The District's agency fund accounts for student body activities (ASB).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the financial statements are prepared.

been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental program, and The government-wide financial statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program

activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use. creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by

major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of

manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better governmental funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for the focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if

how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund. (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about are included in the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

and the accrual basis of accounting Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus

state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to defined as collectible within 90 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources. within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which

also be available before it can be recognized. recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return. include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must

when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met, are recorded as deferred revenue. On the recorded as deferred revenue.

obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred recognized in the entity-wide statements. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are

Cash and Cash Equivalents

include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term Cash equivalents also

JUNE 30, 2011

Investments

stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are the program sponsor. Investments held at June 30, 2011, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value

Stores Inventories

governmental type funds and expenses in the proprietary type funds when used. cost or market, on the weighted average method. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at the lower of

Capital Assets and Depreciation

or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset capitalization threshold of \$10,000, effective July 1, 2008. The District does not possess any infrastructure. measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its

assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated. cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. government-wide financial Statement of Net Assets. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the Donated capital

proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the capital assets of governmental funds. Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for

5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years. various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/ infrastructure, Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the

Interfund Balances

type activities, which are presented as internal balances. columns of the statement of net assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-"interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Compensated Absences

that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year end statement of net assets. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned and reported on the government-wide from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's employed full-time. number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary

participation, capital leases, and long-term loans are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, certificates of pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required statements when due.

Deferred Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term

sources and uses, and bond issuance costs as debt service expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts as other financing

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2011, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are

regulations of other governments. legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling

Committed - The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - The District currently does not have any assigned funds

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Net Assets

assets subject to enabling legislation. unrestricted net assets are available. The government-wide financial statements report \$25,779,133 of restricted net restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related

Operating Revenues and Expenses

are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition For the District, these revenues are food service sales. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds.

Interfund Activity

reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are activities. Statement of Activities, except for the net residual amounts transferred between governmental and business-type funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates. United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported

Budgetary Data

of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing

statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the accounting principles.

Property Tax

bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Bernardino installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two

Changes in Accounting Principles

use of the resources reported in governmental funds governmental fund type definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing Definitions. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

classification as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on the relative strength of the constraints that nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories. This Statement also provides for additional control how specific amounts can be spent. The initial distinction that is made in reporting fund balance information is identifying amounts that are considered

are considered to have been spent. Disclosure of the policies in the notes to the financial statements is required. applying their accounting policies that determine whether restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts Governments also are required to classify and report amounts in the appropriate fund balance classifications by which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. Governments are required to disclose information about classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for not restricted or committed. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. highest level of decision-making authority. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The committed fund balance classification the processes through which constraints are imposed on amounts in the committed and assigned classifications. fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by

requires disclosure of certain information about stabilization arrangements in the notes to the financial statements. This Statement also provides guidance for classifying stabilization amounts on the face of the balance sheet and

also have been modified for clarity and consistency. clarified for better alignment with the needs of preparers and users. Definitions of other governmental fund types may affect the activities they choose to report in those funds. The capital projects fund type definition also was definition of the special revenue fund type have been provided and, for some governments, those interpretations permanent fund type are clarified by the provisions in this Statement. Interpretations of certain terms within the The definitions of the general fund, special revenue fund type, capital projects fund type, debt service fund type, and

The District has implemented the provisions of this statement for the year ended June 30, 2011

New Accounting Pronouncements

and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and the related financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a In November 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an amendment of Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, were amended to better meet user needs

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

generally should be considered in making the determination. this Statement clarifies the manner in which that determination should be made and the types of relationships that included because the primary government's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them, and that organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. Further, for organizations that criterion, a financial benefit or burden relationship also would need to be present between the primary government organizations that previously were required to be included as component units by meeting the fiscal dependency do not meet the financial accountability criteria for inclusion as component units but that, nevertheless, should be This Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. For

the "substantively the same governing body" criterion, it additionally requires that (1) the primary government and the component unit have a financial benefit or burden relationship or (2) management (below the level of the elected component unit if the primary government is a business-type activity that uses a single column presentation for requirements as a fund of the primary government. Lastly, additional reporting guidance is provided for blending a blending provisions are amended to clarify that funds of a blended component unit have the same financial reporting outstanding is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government. the component unit. New criteria also are added to require blending of component units whose total debt officials) of the primary government have operational responsibility (as defined in paragraph 8a) for the activities of financial reporting. government (that is, blending) in certain circumstances. This Statement also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary For component units that currently are blended based on

effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012. Early implementation is encouraged. government to report its equity interest in a component unit as an asset. The provisions of this Statement are This Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. It requires a primary

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Total Deposits and Investments	Fiduciary funds	Business-type activities	Governmental activities
\$ 55,407,260	771,678	7,182,937	\$ 47,452,651

Total Deposits and Investments	Investments	Cash with fiscal agent/trustee	Cash in revolving	Cash on hand and in banks
€				↔
\$ 55,407,266	47,324,649	78,002	57,090	7,947,525

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Policies and Practices

participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations. corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds,

amortized cost basis. accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external

General Authorizations

schedules below: Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the

Joint Powers Authority Pools	Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	County Pooled Investment Funds	Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Money Market Mutual Funds	Mutual Funds	Medium-Term Corporate Notes	Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Repurchase Agreements	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Commercial Paper	Banker's Acceptance	U.S. Agency Securities	U.S. Treasury Obligations	Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	Investment Type	Authorized	
N/A	N/A	N/A	5 years	N/A	N/A	5 years	92 days	l year	5 years	270 days	180 days	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years	Maturity	Remaining	Maximum
None	None	None	20%	20%	20%	30%	20% of base	None	30%	25%	40%	None	None	None	None	of Portfolio	Percentage	Maximum
None	None	None	None	10%	10%	None	None	None	None	10%	30%	None	None	None	None	in One Issuer	Investment	Maximum

JUNE 30, 2011

Interest Rate Risk

maturity for this pool is 360 days. In addition, the District maintains an investment of \$24,612 with First American the San Bernardino County Investment Pool with a fair value of approximately \$47,467,708. The average weighted necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment with flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as San Bernardino County Investment Pool. The pool purchases shorter term investments and attempts to time cash interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by holding the majority of its investments in the Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market \$24,612, and this investment has an average weighted maturity of 35 days. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Treasury Obligations Money Market Mutual Funds. Fair value for this investment approximates the stated value of

Credit Risk

investment in First American Treasury Obligations Money Market Mutual Funds is also rated Aaa by Moody's investment with the San Bernardino County Investment Pool is rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Service. The This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does department or agent, but not in the name of the District. because it was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust deposits. As of June 30, 2011, the District's bank balance of \$7,424,707 was exposed to custodial credit risk by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

) () () () () () () () () () (Total	Other Local Sources	Interest	Due from SELPA	Due from ROP	Local Government	Lottery	Categorical aid	Apportionment	State Government	Categorical aid	Federal Government				
# 13,113,000 # 33,010 #	\$ 49 749 609	1,349,126	55,835	3,125,575	406,636		1,800,152	3,834,449	36,474,387		\$ 2,703,449		Fund	General		
\$ 23,070	\$ 53 876	1	53,876				1		1		€9		Fund	Building		
11	- [1	24,144	•	1			•	72,404		69 I		Funds	Governmental Service	Non-Major Internal	
\$ 129	770		729	Ē			7	ī	1		⇔		Fund	Service	Internal	
30,340 3 129 3 49,900,162	e 40 000 70	1,349,126	134,584	3,125,575	406,636		1,800,152	3,834,449	36,546,791		\$ 2,703,449 \$ 2,287,539		Activities	Governmental	Total	
\$ 2,535,481 \$ 504		43,530	ı	ï	•		ř		204,412	,	\$ 2,287,539		Fund	Enterprise	Service	Nutrition
\$ 504		504			•		1	ı	3		⇔		Fund	Fiduciary		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	Total Accumulated Depreciation	Furniture and equipment	Buildings and improvements	Less Accumulated Depreciation	Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	Furniture and equipment	Buildings and improvements	Capital Assets Being Depreciated	Construction in process	Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Business-Type Activities	Capital Assets, Net	Governmental Activities	Total Accumulated Depreciation	Furniture and equipment	Buildings and improvements	Land improvements	Less Accumulated Depreciation	Being Depreciated	Total Capital Assets	Furniture and equipment	Buildings and improvements	Land improvements	Capital Assets Being Depreciated	Not Being Depreciated	Total Capital Assets	Construction in process	Land	Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Governmental Activities	
\$ 10,112,950	3,778,051	1,290,518	2,487,533		13,891,001	1,775,125	12,115,876		\$			\$ 334,937,134		118,621,174	40,073,388	70,364,386	8,183,400		390,007,852		58,242,127	317,377,951	14,387,774		63,550,456		23,804,305	\$ 39,746,151		Ì	Balance July 1, 2010
\$ 596,422	539,181	67,690	471,491		ı,	1			\$ 1,135,603			\$15,108,628		12,089,716	2,614,776	8,926,478	548,462		23,787,225		500,866	22,590,661	695,698		3,411,119		3,411,119	⇔			Additions
⇔			,						5	•		\$22,803,794		1	3 0	•	ı		1		1	ı	ı		22,803,794		22,803,794	⇔			Deductions
\$ 10,709,372	4,317,232	1,358,208	2,959,024		13,891,001	1,//3,123	12,113,876	12 115 07/	\$ 1,135,603			\$327,241,968		130,710,890	42,688,164	79,290,864	8,731,862		413,795,077		58,742,993	339,968,612	15,083,472		44,157,781		4,411,630	\$ 39,746,151			Balance June 30, 2011

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental and business-type functions as follows:

Nutrition services Total Depreciation Expenses All Activities	Total Depreciation Expenses Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	All other general administration Plant services	All other pupil services	Governmental Activities Instruction
\$ 12,628,897	12,089,716	604,486 1 208 972		\$ 9.792.669

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

major and non-major governmental funds, and major enterprise funds are as follows: the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2011, between

	Total	Internal Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Building Fund	General Fund	Due To			
	\$10,763,286	440,243	323,043	10,000,000	\$	Fund	General		
	\$1,354,524	ı	1,302,485	ı	\$ 52,039	Fund	Building		
	\$10,763,286 \$1,354,524 \$ 2,046,255 \$ 525,076	ı	•	56,246	\$ 52,039 \$ 1,990,009	Funds	Governmental	Non-Major Food Service	Due From
İ	↔				↔	<u> </u>	Ent	Food	
- 1	1	1			\$ 525,076		Enterprise	1 Service	
	\$14,689,141	440,243	1,625,528	10,056,246	\$ 2,567,124	Total			

for cash flow. The balance of \$10,000,000 due to the Building Fund from the General Fund resulted from a temporary loan

A balance of \$143,323 due to the Capital Facilities Fund (Non-Major) from the General Fund resulted from RDA The balance of \$440,243 due to the Internal Service Fund from the General Fund resulted from a contribution revenue owed.

The balance of \$525,076 due to the General Fund from the Food Service Enterprise Fund resulted from salaries, benefits, and indirect costs to be reimbursed

construction costs to be reimbursed. A balance of \$939,871 due to the Capital Facilities Fund (Non-Major) from the Building Fund resulted from

A balance of \$362,614 due to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects (Non-Major) from the Building Fund resulted from construction costs to be reimbursed.

amounts owed for E-rate transfer. A balance of \$1,548,793 due to the General Fund from the Capital Facilities Fund (Non-Major) resulted from

salaries, benefits, and indirect costs to be reimbursed A balance of \$418,883 due to the General Fund from the Child Development Fund (Non-Major) resulted from

costs to be reimbursed A balance of \$179,720 due to the Capital Facilities Fund (Non-Major) from the General Fund resulted from project

All remaining balance resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are payments between funds are made. provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011, consisted of the following:

			Transfer From		
			Non-Major	Food Services	
	General	Building	Governmental	Enterprise	
Transfer To	Fund	Fund	Funds	Fund	Total
General Fund	-	\$ 52,039	\$ 3,440,636	\$	\$3,492,675
Building Fund	1	ı	56,246		56,246
Non-Major Governmental					,
Funds	1,118,954	1,305,485	ı	1,912,000	4,336,439
Internal Service Fund	440,243		1	1	
Total	\$1,559,197	\$1,357,524	\$ 3,496,882	\$ 1,912,000	\$
The General Fund transferred to the COP Debt Service Fund (Non-Major) for debt service	e COP Debt Ser	vice Fund (Non-	Major) for debt se	ervice	
payment.					\$1,118,954
The General Fund transferred to the Internal Service Fund as a contribution. Deferred Maintenance Fund (Non-Major) transferred to the General Fund and Facilities.	e Internal Servic	e Fund as a cont	ribution.		440,243
provisions.			· ·		1,872,463
The Capital Facilities Fund (Non-Major) transferred to the General Fund for E-Rate revenue.	(ajor) transferre	d to the General	Fund for E-Rate	revenue.	1,568,173
The Building Fund transferred to the General Fund to reimburse construction costs	e General Fund	to reimburse co	nstruction costs.		52,039
The Food Services Enterprise Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay	transferred to th	ne Special Reser	ve Fund for Capit	al Outlay	
Projects (Non-Major) for future capital projects	pital projects.		,	•	1,912,000
County School Facilities Fund (Non-Major) transferred to the Building Fund to reimburse	n-Major) transfe	rred to the Build	ling Fund to reiml	burse	
construction costs.					56,246
Building Fund transferred to the Capital Facilities Fund (Non-Major) to reimburse construction	pital Facilities F	und (Non-Majo	r) to reimburse co	nstruction	
costs.					942,871
Building Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects (Non-Major)	ecial Reserve Fu	and for Capital (Outlay Projects (N	lon-Major)	
to reimburse construction costs.					362,614
Total					\$8,325,603

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2011, consisted of the following:

ူಜ	\$ 2,983	15,808,535	₩ 60	\$ 449	667,258	€>	\$ 293,244	••	\$ 14,84	Total
2,983		459,346	Ĺ		21,699				437,647	All other payables
,		1,023,184			183,241		196,703	13,240	64	Construction
•		5,054,589		449	187,406		96,541	70,193	4,77	Services
•		2,091,461			114,393		ä	77,068	1,97	Books and supplies
•		888,770		1			•	888,770	88	State apportionment
•	69	\$ 6,291,185	⇔	≶	- \$ 160,519 \$ - \$	60	⇔	10,666	\$ 6,130,666	Salaries and benefits
Fund		Total		Fund	Funds		Fund	nd 	Fur	
Enterprise				Service	vernmental	Go	Building	eral	General	
Nutrition Service	Z			Internal	Non-Major	Z				

NOTE 7 - DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2011, consists of the following:

Total	Other local	State categorical aid	Federal financial assistance	
\$ 4,679,785	6	3,931	\$ 4,675,848	General

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

\$ 5,214,805	\$ 114,357,488		\$ 38,895,173 \$ 15,050,147	\$ 90,512,462	
	5,908,874	2,040,250	ı	7,949,124	Other postemployment benefits
1	820,141		187,359	632,782	Accumulated vacation - net
		383,164	F	383,164	Estimated insurance claims
2,058,135	7,802,538	2,058,135		9,860,673	Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (SERP)
	12,108	454		12,562	Premium on Issuance
	5,799,914	78,952	ı	5,878,866	City of Rialto Redevelopment Agency Loan
	286,392	197,014	1	483,406	Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund
		758		758	Premium on Issuance
1	3,515,000	6,395,000	1	9,910,000	1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation
	•	(15,047)	1	(15,047)	Discount on Issuance
	3,325,000	1,145,000		4,470,000	2006 Certificates of Participation
1	(1,047,712)	(20,776)	(1,068,488)		Discount on Issuance
1	9,695,000	•	9,695,000	,	2010 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011B
1	2,324,768	22,824	2,347,592		Premium on Issuance
ī	26,932,187		26,932,187	•	2010 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A
	238,821	14,048	•	252,869	Premium on Issuance
650,000	17,070,000	625,000	1	17,695,000	1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series C
	231,190	15,371		246,561	Premium on Issuance
660,000	16,270,000	640,000	je.	16,910,000	1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series B
\$ 1,565,000	\$ 15,173,267 \$	\$ 1,470,000	\$ 801,523	\$ 15,841,744	1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series A
One Year	June 30, 2011	Deductions	Additions	July 1, 2010	
Due in	Balance			Balance	

The 1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation and 2006 Certificates of Participation are paid from the COP Debt Service Fund. Payments for the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund debt are made from the Child Development Fund. Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (SERP) payments are made from the General Fund. Payments for the Payments for the 1999 and 2010 General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. the General Fund. liability will be paid from the fund from which the employee was paid. Other postemployment benefits are paid by City of Rialto Redevelopment Agency Loan are made by the Capital Facilities Fund. The accumulated vacation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

\$ 85,140,454	\$ 2,735,000	\$ 801,523	\$ 36,627,187	\$ 50,446,744				
9,695,000		1	9,695,000		9,695,000		2027	3/17/2011
26,932,187	•	•	26,932,187 - 26,932,187		26,932,187		2042	3/17/2011
17,070,000	625,000	ī		17,695,000	20,000,000	3.00-5.125%	2028	5/5/2004
16,270,000	640,000		ı	16,910,000	20,000,000	4.00-6.00%	2027	1/24/2003
\$ 15,173,267	\$ 801,523 \$ 1,470,000	\$ 801,523	€9	\$ 15,841,744	\$ 19,995,038	4.75-6.25%	2025	6/1/2000
End of Year		Accreted	Issued	of Year	Issue	Rate	Date	Date
Outstanding				Beginning	Original	Interest	Maturity	Issue
Bonds				Outstanding				
				Bonds				

1999 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A

school facilities. The bonds have a maturity date of June 1, 2025, with interest rates varying from 4.75 to still outstanding. 6.25 percent. At June 30, 2011, 1999 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A, totaling \$15,173,267 were Series A in the amount of \$19,995,038 (accreting to \$38,730,000) in order to raise money to repair and construct On June 1, 2000, the District issued current and capital appreciation, 1999 General Obligation Refunding Bonds,

1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series B

the construction and equipping of certain school facilities and improvements within and for the District. underwriter's discount and other issuance related costs outstanding, were \$231,190 as of June 30, 2011. At premium of \$368,915 less underwriter's discount of \$241,515, and additional issuance related costs of \$127,400). On January 24, 2003, the District issued \$20,000,000 of 1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series B. The Bonds were June 30, 2011, 1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series B totaling \$16,270,000 were still outstanding. Unamortized premium on issuance was \$231,190 as of June 30, 2011. Deferred costs on issuance, including from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the cost of acquisition or improvement of real property, including The bonds have a maturity date of August 1, 2027, with interest rates varying from 4.00 to 6.00 percent. Proceeds issued at an aggregate price of \$20,000,000 (representing the principal amount of \$20,000,000 plus original issue

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

1999 General Obligation Bond, Series C

totaling \$17,070,000 were still outstanding. \$212,219, were outstanding as of June 30, 2011. As of June 30, 2011, 1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series C \$238,821. Deferred costs on issuance, including underwriter's discount and other issuance related costs totaling facilities and the acquisition of land within the District. Unamortized premium on issuance as of June 30, 2011, was from the sale of the bonds will be used to finance the repair, construction, and upgrading of school sites and premium of \$337,157 less underwriter's discount of \$96,600 and additional issuance related costs of \$203,000). issued at an aggregate price of \$20,037,557 (representing the principal amount of \$20,000,000 plus original issue On May 5, 2004, the District issued \$20,000,000 of 1999 General Obligation Bonds, Series C. The bonds were The bonds have a maturity date of August 1, 2028, with interest rates varying from 3.00 to 5.125 percent. Proceeds

2010 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A

outstanding. value of \$51,225,000 at conversion date and a final maturity date of August 1, 2041 at an interest rate of 7.350 appreciation bonds were issued in the amount of \$16,888,370 convertible on August 1, 2026 with a stated accreted \$37,560,000) with a maturity date of August 1, 2036, and an interest rate of 7.5 percent. The convertible capital of participation. The capital appreciation bonds were issued in the amount of \$10,043,817 (accreting to improvement projects and refinance portions of 2006 Certificates of Participation and 1997 Refunding Certificates General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A in order to raise money to finance specific construction, repair and On March 17, 2011, the District issued capital appreciation bonds and convertible capital appreciation bonds, 2010 At June 30, 2011, 2010 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011A, totaling \$26,932,187 were still

2010 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011B

Bonds, Series 2011B, totaling \$9,695,000 were still outstanding. of \$9,695,000 in order to raise money to finance specific construction. The bonds have a maturity date of August 1, 2026, with interest rates varying from 5.28 to 6.91 percent. At June 30, 2011, 2010 General Obligation Refunding One March 17, 2011, the District issued serial bonds, 2010 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011B in the amount

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

The 1999 and 2010 General Obligation Bonds mature as follows:

Total	2042	2037-2041	2032-2036	2027-2031	2022-2026	2017-2021	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	Fiscal Year		
5											↔	Inte	Inclu	
85,140,454	4,231,572	13,798,661	5,928,578	9,748,376	22,593,265	14,777,188	2,773,586	2,780,759	2,801,018	2,832,451	2,875,000	Interest to Date	ding Accreted	Principal
\$ 87,582,649	8,603,430	31,986,339	24,510,598	14,496,623	3,553,261	3,180,686	432,188	356,081	274,766	188,677	⇔	Interest	Accreted	
												Maturity	Interest to	Current
\$ 245,006,845	13,306,690	59,401,610	49,264,364	41,624,724	30,572,524	25,846,890	5,013,006	5,006,017	5,005,959	5,012,550	\$ 4,952,511	Total		

2006 Certificates of Participation

September 1, 2031, with interest rates varying from 4.00 to 6.00 percent. Proceeds from the Certificates, together discount on issuance of \$17,915 and less issuance costs of \$252,085). The Certificates have a maturity date of In June 2006, the District issued the 2006 Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$4,770,000. The Certificates were issued at an aggregate price of \$4,500,000 (representing the principal amount of \$4,770,000 less facilities and land. At June 30, 2011, 2006 Certificates of Participation totaling \$3,325,000 were still outstanding with other available funds, will be used to finance the cost of acquisition and improvement of certain school

The Certificates mature through 2030 as follows:

Total	2027-2030	2022-2026	2017-2021	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	June 30,	rear Ending
€								€9	Pr	
\$ 3,325,000	1,050,000	1,085,000	885,000	155,000	150,000	•	•	€ 9	incipal	
€								↔		
\$ 1,719,538	98,424	359,200	564,416	133,159	138,975	141,788	141,788	141,788	Interest	
\$ 5,044,538	1,148,424	1,444,200	1,449,416	288,159	288,975	141,788	141,788	141,788	Total	1

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation

a fixed interest mode through the respective maturity dates of the Certificates. As a result, the Certificates were reoffered at \$12,040,000 as of September 3, 2003, with the proceeds used to provide funds to purchase the the trustee have amended the Trust Agreement to accommodate the remarketing and reoffering of the Certificates in \$3,515,000 were still outstanding. Certificates from their current owners. As of June 30, 2011, 1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation totaling represented by the Certificates was originally fixed through September 1, 2002. The District, the Corporation, and \$12,530,000, with the Certificates being subject to mandatory tender and remarketing in September 2002. Interest In September 1997, the District issued the 1997 Refunding Certificates of Participation in the amount of

The Certificates mature through 2020 as follows:

IOLAI	2017-2020 Tatal	2016	2017	2014	2013	2012	June 30,	Year Ending
\$ 3,515,000	2,620,000	455,000	440,000			€	Principal	
\$ 1,037,851	305,210	126,165	144,854	153,874	153,874	\$ 153,874	Interest	
\$ 4,552,851	2,925,210	581,165	584,854	153,874	153,874	\$ 153,874	Total	

Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund

a total to date of fourteen agreements entered into. This program provides up to \$150,000 per site for the purchase June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance was \$286,392. of new relocatable child care facilities to be leased to the District. The repayments are to be amortized over a California Department of Education by participation in the Child Care Facilities Revolving Fund program bringing During the 2000-2001 and 2001-2002 school years, the District entered into lease-purchase agreements with the 10-year period with no interest fee. Upon full repayment, title to the relocatables shall transfer to the District. As of

Iotal	201/	2010	2017	2014	2013	2012	June 30,	Year Ending
⇔					¥.	↔		
\$ 286,392	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	39,000	143,392	Payments	Total

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

City of Rialto Redevelopment Agency Loan

determined to be \$55,847, less the pro-rata share of costs of issuance determined to be \$312,978). \$976,242 of the \$2,460,000 (representing the principal amount of \$2,717,131 plus a pro-rata share of the original issue premium construction of a football stadium at Rialto High School. Proceeds of the loan were issued at an aggregate price of During 2005, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Rialto Redevelopment Agency (RDA) for a loan of \$2,717,131 for the purpose of financing the cost of labor and materials for the design, installation and/or due the District in amounts as noted on the debt service schedule below. disbursal of said funds upon requisition by the District. The loan is to be repaid by retaining pass-through payments proceeds were used to retire the remaining balance owed from an original \$1,000,000 loan with the RDA. The remaining proceeds are to be held by the RDA and deposited in a school district assistance sub-account with

issuance at June 30, 2011, were \$12,108 and \$564,479, respectively. \$403,621). As of June 30, 2011, the outstanding balance was \$5,799,914. Unamortized premium and costs of the original issue premium determined to be \$13,621, less the pro-rata share of costs of issuance determined to be issued at an aggregate price of \$3,000,000 (representing the principal amount of \$3,390,000 plus a pro-rata share of During 2008, the District borrowed an additional \$3,390,000 to complete the project. Proceeds from the loan were

The debt service schedule for the loan is as follows:

Total	2037	2032-2036	2027-2031	2022-2026	2017-2021	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	June 30,	Year Ending
\$ 5,799,914	435,000	2,338,179	1,336,357	693,729	548,505	98,179	92,474	86,770	86,065	\$ 84,656	Principal	
\$ 5,576,977	41,250	523,935	993,890	1,206,870	1,354,057	284,363	288,150	291,570	294,864	\$ 298,028	Interest	
\$ 11,376,891	476,250	2,862,114	2,330,247	1,900,599	1,902,562	382,542	380,624	378,340	380,929	\$ 382,684	Total	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Supplementary Early Retirement Plan (SERP)

The District adopted a supplemental early retirement plan whereby certain eligible employees are provided an annuity to supplement the retirement benefits they are entitled to through the California State Teachers' Retirement System and the California Public Employees' Retirement System. The annuities offered to the employees are to be as follows: Pacific Life Insurance Company. As of June 30, 2011, the balance remaining was \$7,802,538. Future payments are paid over a five-year period. The annuities, which were purchased for 43 employees who retired during the 2008-2009 school year and 143 employees who retired during the 2009-2010 school year, were purchased from United of

Total	2015	2014	2013	2012	June 30,	Year Ending
\$ 7.802.538	1,628,133	2,058,135	2,058,135	\$ 2,058,135	Payments	Total

Accumulated Unpaid Employee Vacation

The accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2011, amounted to \$820,141.

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation

additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan. annual required contribution were \$316,737 and (\$2,026,472), respectively, which resulted in a decrease to the net OPEB obligation of \$2,040,250. As of June 30, 2011, the net OPEB obligation was \$5,908,874. See Note 10 for made by the District during the year were \$2,768,638. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2011, was \$2,438,123, and contributions

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

Total Unassigned Total	Reserve for economic uncertainties Remaining unassigned	Total Restricted	Debt services	Capital projects	Restricted Legally restricted programs	Total Nonspendable	Prepaid expenditures	Stores inventories	Nonspendable Revolving cash		
22,613,840 \$ 38,018,092	6,652,083 15,961,757	12,874,760	E	x	12,874,760	2,529,492	2,408,599	70,893	\$ 50,000	Fund	General
\$ 27,056,206 \$ 13,996,485	1 1	27,056,206		27,056,206		1	ı	ř	⇔	Fund	Building
\$ 13,996,485	i 1	13,996,485	5,563,615	7,600,841	832,029			l o	⇔	Governmental	Non-Major
\$ 79,070,783	6,652,083 15,961,757	53,927,451	5,563,615	34,657,047	13,706,789	2,529,492	2,408,599	70,893	\$ 50,000	Total	

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

their spouses. Membership of the Plan consists of 225 retirees currently receiving benefits and 2,168 active plan The Postemployment Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Rialto Unified School District. The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and members.

Contribution Information

fiscal year 2010-2011, the District contributed \$2,768,638 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums (approximately 95 percent of total premiums). Retirees contributed \$155,640, or approximately five percent, of the unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For District, the Rialto Education Association (REA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the total premiums.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan: 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer

Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year Net OPEB obligation, end of year	Increase in net OPEB obligation	Contributions made	Annual OPEB cost (expense)	Adjustment to annual required contribution	Interest on net OPEB obligation	Annual required contribution
7,949,124 \$ 5,908,874	(2,040,250)	(2768638)	778 388	(2,026,472)	316 737	\$ 7 438 173

Trend Information

OPEB obligation is as follows: Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net

2011	2010	2009	June 30,	Year Ended
728,388	3,670,169	\$ 3,710,461	OPEB Cost	Annual
2,768,638	1,039,520	\$ 1,033,562	Contribution	Actual
380%	28%	28%	Contributed	Percentage
5,908,874	7,949,124	\$ 5,318,475	Obligation	Net OPEB

Funded Status and Funding Progress

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follow:

		Valuation				
\$	of Assets (a)	Value	Actuarial			
\$ 25,908,488	Unit Credit (b)	Unprojected	(AAL) -	Liability	Accrued	Actuarial
↔						
		(UAAL)	AAL	Unfunded		
0%	(a/b)	Funded Ratio				
\$ 135,738,227	Payroll (c)	Covered				
19%	([b - a] / c)	Covered Payroll	Percentage of	UAAL as a		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by calculations.

remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011, was 27 years. The actuarial value of assets was not determined in Healthcare cost trend rates used was five percent up to an increase of seven percent. The cost trend rate used for the being funded in an irrevocable employee benefit trust invested in a combined equity and fixed income portfolio. assumptions included a five percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), based on the plan In the February 1, 2009, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial this actuarial valuation. Dental and Vision programs was four percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar method. The

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Description

coverage program, for which the District retains risk of loss, that is accounted for in the General Fund. The District the number of District employees participating in the plan. The District operates a dental, vision and life insurance insurance benefits to District employees electing to participate in the plan by paying a monthly premium based on administered by the General Fund through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District provides health also participates in public entity risk pools (JPA's) for various insurance coverages through the JPA's. Refer to The District's risk management activities are recorded in the General Fund. Employee health programs are Note 14 for additional information regarding the JPA's.

not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have

Claims Liabilities

estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience. based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an The District records an estimated liability for dental and vision claims against the District. Claims liabilities are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2011: payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future

Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2011	Claims payments Liability Balance, June 30, 2011	Claims and changes in estimates	Claims payments Claims payments	Liability Balance, July 1, 2009	
\$	(383,164)	383,164	3,053,375 (3,039,321)	\$ 369,110	Dental and

The Dental and Vision Fund was closed as of June 30, 2011.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

CalSTRS

Plan Description

comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State The District contributes to the CalSTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, California 95826

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Funding Policy

were \$8,394,074, \$8,778,602, and \$9,026,620, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for State statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, 2010-11 was 8.25 percent of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute each year.

CalPERS

Plan Description

statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95811. Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public

Funding Policy

behalf of the employee at a rate of 7.0 percent of annual payroll. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, were \$3,639,898, \$3,410,849, and \$3,236,495, respectively, and 2010-11 was 10.707 percent of covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year. by State statute. In accordance with bargaining unit agreements, the District is required to make contributions on

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Alternative Retirement Plan

amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account. the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to which is a defined contribution pension plan. A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in The District also contributes to the Accumulation Program for Part-time and Limited Service Employees (APPLE), Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the

contribute 3.75 percent of his or her gross earnings to the pension plan. has elected to use the APPLE as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 3.75 percent of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing

its current year covered payroll. Employees required and actual contributions matched that of the employer's. During the year, the District's required and actual contributions amounted to \$183,837, which was 3.75 percent of

On Behalf Payments

revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as budgeted amounts reported in the General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$4,341,538 (4.267 percent of annual payroll). Under The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the June 30, 2011. The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

Operating Leases

general long-term obligations group of accounts. property rights or lease obligations. These leases have, therefore, not been accounted for as capital leases in the The District is obligated under certain leases accounted for as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to

The following is a schedule, by years, of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases that have remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2011:

Total	2015	2014	2013	2012	June 30,	Year Ending
\$ 1,177,680	117,768	353,304	353,304	\$ 353,304	Payment	Lease

Total expenditures charged for leases during 2011 were \$967,439.

NOTE 14 - PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS AND JOINT POWER AUTHORITIES

they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes. coverage, and property and liability coverage. The relationships between the District and the JPA's are such that (PIPS), and the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SoCal ReLiEF) public entity risk pools The District is a member of the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF), Protected Insurance Programs for Schools The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its excess liability coverage, workers' compensation

District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities. statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the District made payments of \$31,128, \$2,666,135, and \$749,802 to SELF PIPS and SoCal ReLiEF, respectively, for the noted services

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

March 1, 2012, and yield 0.449 percent interest. The notes were sold to supplement cash flow. The District issued \$14,870,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes dated July 1, 2011. The notes mature on

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 16 - FISCAL ISSUES RELATING TO BUDGET REDUCTIONS

reductions, ultimately impacting the ability of California school districts to meet their goals for educational services. reliant on the State of California to appropriate the funding necessary to continue the level of educational services expected by the State constituency. With the implementation of education trailer bill Senate Bill 16 of the 2009-10 period, creating significant cash flow management issues for districts in addition to requiring substantial budget Fourth Extraordinary Session (SBX4 16) (Chapter 23, Statutes of 2009), and Assembly Bill 1610 (AB 1610) (Chapter 724, Statutes of 2010), 28 percent of current year appropriations have now been deferred to a subsequent The State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy. California school districts are

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

Tour Paiding - Pilving	Fund Balance - Beginning	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	Net Financing Sources (Uses)	Transfers out	Transfers in	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Over Expenditures	Total Expenditures ' Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	Capital outlay	Other outgo	Services and operating expenditures	Books and supplies	Employee benefits	Classified salaries	Certificated salaries	Current	EXPENDITURES	Total Revenues '	Other local sources	Other State sources	Federal sources	Revenue limit sources	REVENUES					
\$ 23,712,053		(19,692,899)			1		(19,692,899)	213,153,815	560,500	288,096	22,269,021	10,149,464	45,442,621	34,347,890	100,096,223			193,460,916	13,846,599	33,984,143	16,585,322	\$ 129,044,852		Original	Budgete			
\$ 24,156,622	1	(19,248,330)	1,933,478	(1,559,197)	3,492,675		(21,181,808)	242,803,469	2,843,984	808,404	35,006,168	12,006,621	47,574,868	34,441,078	110,122,346			221,621,661	14,404,168	42,675,636	28,689,968	\$ 135,851,889		Final	Budgeted Amounts			
\$ 38,018,092	43,404,952	(5,386,860)	1,933,478	(1,559,197)	3,492,675		(7,320,338)	224,518,411	1,914,844	76,014	26,272,780	9,020,431	50,564,710	33,419,794	103,249,838			217,198,073	14,335,681	42,655,768	22,221,899	\$ 137,984,725		(GAAP Basis)	Actual			
\$ 13,861,470		13,861,470	-		. • .		13,861,470	18,285,058	929,140	732,390	8,733,388	2,986,190	(2,989,842)	1,021,284	6,872,508			(4,423,588)	(68,487)	(19,868)	(6,468,069)	\$ 2,132,836		to Actual	Final	(Negative)	Positive	Variances -

On behalf payments of \$4,341,538 are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, but have not been included in the budgeted amounts.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial			AAL	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation		Unprojected	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	of Assets (a)		(b - a)	1	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
February 1, 2007	- 1		\$ 27,219,215		\$ 147,906,482	18%
February 1, 2009	ĭ		18,601,302	0%	141,520,947	13%
February 1, 2011	ı	25,908,488	25,908,488	0%	135,738,227	19%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Total for U.S. Department of Education	AKRA: State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	Career and Lechnical Education- Post Secondary and Adult Education	Career and Lechnical Education-Secondary Education	AKKA Litle X McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance	App. App. 1 Vice IV.	riolessional Development	Title I - Part B, Reading First	No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB)	Subtotal - Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	Preschool Staff Development	Preschool Local	ARRA: Preschool Entitlement	Preschool Entitlement	ARRA: Local Assistance	Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	Local Assistance	Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	Passed through from East Valley SELPA:	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)	Title III - Limited English Proficiency	Title III - Immigrant Education	Formula Grant	ARRA Title II - Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology	Title II - Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology Formula Grant	Title II, Part A - Administrator Training Program	Title II - Part A, Improving Teacher Quality	Title I, School Improvement Grants	Subtotal - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Cluster	ARRA: Title I - Part A, Basic Grants	Title I - Part A, Basic Grants	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Cluster	No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB)	GEAR UP	Passed through Cal-State University San Bernardino	Forest Reserve Funds	Fee Reimbursement Program	Direct Award	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Grantor/Program	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through		
	84.394	84.048	84.048	84.387	84.186	84.357	84.357			84.173A	84.027A	84.392	84.173	84.391	84.391	84.027	84.027				84 365	84.365	84.318		84.318	84.367	84.367	84.377		84.389	84.010		04.554(A)	(V)/VEE V8	1	10.665	84.330			Number	CFDA		
	25008	14893	, 14894	15007	14347	14911	14328			13431	13682	15000	13430	15003	10123	10115	13379			10001	10084	14346	14368		14334	14344	14341	15127		15005	14329		10000	10000		10044	14831		T. Carrioot	Number	Identifying	Entity	Pass-Through
25,463,333	6.303.689	7,058	213,210	10,000	59,719	584,670	197,960		4,869,067	761	94,625	39,958	52,905	1,320,282	4,118	1,766	3,354,652	2		1,042,721	1 042 027	43,403	39.715	00,070	36,076	\$ 667	1.221.554	327.797	10 798 743	2,454,650	7,844,093		134,288	15/ 200	17,700		\$ 30,010		Expenditures	Fynenditures	Program		

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps - Army Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps - Marine Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps - Navy Total for U.S. Department of Defense Total Federal Programs	Child Nutrition Cluster Basic School Breakfast Program Especially Needy Breakfast Program Meal Supplements - Snacks National School Lunch Program Commodities Total for U.S. Department of Agriculture	Passed through San Bernardino County Department of Health Services: Medi-Cal Administrative Activities Subtotal - Medicaid Assistance Cluster Total for U.S. Department of Health and Human Services U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through CDE: Quality Improvement Activities ARRA: Quality Improvement Activities Medi-Cal Assistance Cluster Medi-Cal Billing	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program
12.000 12.000 12.000	10.553 10.553 10.556 10.555	93.778	93.575 93.575 93.778	CFDA Number
JROTC 05055 79 AR RMRIV JROTC05629 86 AF JROTC081S	13525 13526 13392 13396 [1]	10060	14130 1 39 42 10013	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number
66,919 45,969 67,186 180,074 \$ 41,222,334	36,590 2,674,905 234,649 9,825,656 1,049,215 13,821,015	1,409,108 1,709,774 1,757,912	\$ 14,805 33,333 300,666	Program Expenditures

[1] Direct-funded program, no PCA number.

JUNE 30, 2011 LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE

ORGANIZATION

school, an alternative high school, an adult school, a preschool program, and an infant program. There were no boundary changes during the year. The District operates eighteen elementary schools, five middle schools, three high schools, one continuation high The Rialto Unified School District was established in 1964, and serves the Rialto area of San Bernardino County

GOVERNING BOARD

Mr. Edgar Montes	Mr. Joseph W. Martinez	Mr. Joseph Ayala	Mrs. Joanne T. Gilbert	Mr. Michael G. Ridgway	MEMBER
Member	Member	Clerk	Vice President	President	OFFICE
2014	2014	2012	2012	2012	<u>TERM</u> EXPIRES

ADMINISTRATION

Mr. Felix Avila	Ms. Jasmine Valenzuela	Mr. Casey Cridelich	Dr. Harold L. Cebrun, Sr.
Assistant Superintendent, Personnel Services	Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services	Assistant Superintendent, Business Services	Superintendent

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Total K-12	Total Secondary	Special education	Community day school	Home and hospital	Continuation education	Regular classes	SECONDARY	Total Elementary	Seventh and eighth	Fourth through sixth	First through third	Kindergarten	ELEMENTARY			
25,812	8,360	/61		12	289	1,281	1	17,452	3,994	5,/80	5,764	1,914		Report	Second Period	Final Report
25,644	8,256	/60	11	11	283	7,109	7 100	1/,388	3,9/8	3,738	5,/34	1,910	1 010	Report	Annual	port

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	Grade 7 Grade 8 Grades 9 - 12	Grade 4 Grade 5 Grade 6 Grades 7 - 8	Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grades 4 - 6	Kindergarten Grades 1 - 3	Grade Level
	59,840	61,600	47,520	31,680 47,520	1982-83 Actual Minutes
	58,178	59,889	46,200		Reduced 1982-83 Actual Minutes
	64,800	54,000	54,000	36,000 50,400	1986-87 Minutes Requirement
	63,000	52,500	52,500	35,000 49,000	Reduced 1986-87 Minutes Requirement
65,405 65,405 65,405 65,405	62,340 62,340	54,420 54,420 62,340	50,988 50,988 50,988	36,180	2010-11 Actual Minutes
180 180 180	180 180	180 180 180	180 180 180	- 1	Number of Days Traditional Calendar
Complied Complied Complied Complied	Complied Complied	Complied Complied Complied	Complied Complied Complied	180 Complied	Status

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2011.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

The Company E and I Later I all the	K-12 AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AT P-2 4	LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO 3	AVAILABLE RESERVES 2 AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A	ENDING FUND BALANCE	IN FUND BALANCE	INCREASE (DECREASE)	and Other Uses	Total Expenditures	Other uses and transfers out	Expenditures	and Other Sources	Total Revenues	Other sources and transfers in	Revenues	GENERAL FUND	
)		65		€9	89	€5		2			2	21			\$ 2		
	26,013		11.5%	24,361,498	36,656,298	(1,361,794)		211,118,595		300,000	210,818,595	209,756,801		•	\$ 209,756,801		(Budget) 2012 1
		\$ 1		8	S	\$		2			2	2			69		
	25,812	\$ 114,357,488	10.0%	22,613,840	38,018,092	(5,386,860)		226,077,608		1,559,197	224,518,411	220,690,748		3,492,675	\$ 217,198,073		2011
		₩.		-	↔	↔		2			2	2			\$ 2	İ	
	25,630	90,512,462	11.3%	\$ 24,298,164	55,876,520	(9,990,467)		219,964,893		1,467,639	218,497,254	209,974,426		440,243	\$ 209,534,183		2010
		& &		\$	↔	⇔	j	2:	j		2,	2,			\$ 2.	İ	
	25,604	82,858,633	16.4%	36,723,079	53,395,419	\$ 12,471,568		229,135,788		2,598,444	226,537,344	241,607,356		327,497	\$ 241,279,859		2009

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$15,377,327 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2011-2012 budget projects a further decrease of \$1,361,794 (four percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2011-2012 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$31,498,855 over the past

anticipated during fiscal year 2011-2012. Average daily attendance has increased by 208 over the past two years. Additional growth of 201 ADA is

Budget 2012 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the

³ On behalf payments of \$4,341,538, \$4,540,412, and \$4,942,359 have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

^{*}Excludes adult education and ROP ADA.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2011

Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	Total Fund Balances	Restricted	Fund Balances:	Total Liabilities	Due to other funds	Accounts payable	Liabilities:	FUND BALANCES	LIABILITIES AND	Total Assets	Due from other funds	Receivables	Deposits and investments	ASSETS			
€9										€5			↔		Fu	Educ	Ad
10		,		10	1	10				10	Ē	1	10		Fund	Education	Adult
₩										₩			↔			Dev	
10 \$ 1,570,006 \$	832,029	832,029		737,977	418,883	319,094				1,570,006		75,940	1,494,066		Fund	Development	Child
" ₩										\$			↔			Mai	D
2,953				2,953	2,953					2,953			2,953		Fund	Maintenance	Deferred
2,953 \$3,343,853	1,562,139	1,562,139		1,781,714	1,568,173	213,541				\$3,343,853	1,262,914	6,784	\$2,074,155		Fund	Facilities	Capital

⇔			8	⇔	Co
4,220,773	4,029,914	134,613 56,246	8,656 - 4,220,773	4,212,117	County School Facilities Fund
↔			⇔	⇔	Sp C2
2,008,788	2,008,788	1 4	3,362 362,614 2,008,788	1,642,812	Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund
€9			⇔	∽	an
5,511,417	5,511,417	4 1	5,511,417	5,511,417	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund
⇔			⇔	⇔	н
52,198 52,198	52,198	1 1	1,806 - 52,198	50,392	COP Debt Service Fund
S			€	\$	Tot: Go
13,996,485	13,996,485	667,258 2,046,255	96,548 1,625,528 16,709,998	14,987,922	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

rund Balances - Ending	Find Polonoca Fuding	Fund Balances - Beginning	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	Net Financing Sources (Uses)	Transfers out	Other sources	Transfers in	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Revenues Over Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of	Total Expenditures	Interest and other	Principal	Debt service	Facility acquisition and construction	Plant services	All other administration	Administration:	All other pupil services	Pupil services:	School site administration	Supervision of instruction	Instruction-related activities:	Instruction	Current	EXPENDITURES	Total Revenues	Other local sources	Other State sources	Federal sources	REVENUES			
6	A	142,192	(142,192)	1	à	ï	1		(142,192)		143,312	1				1,033	1		•		ı	30,138		112,141			1,120	1,120	ı	\$		Fund	Education	Adult
	\$ 837 029	1,430,899	(598,870)				ı		(598,870)		3,545,556		197,014		110,742	71,174	162,796		45,812	(t	621,591	107,715		2,228,712			2,946,686	17,184	2,881,364	\$ 48,138		Fund	Development	Child
	~	1,869,509	(1,869,509)	(1,872,463)	(1,872,463)	•	1		2,954		ì	1			ı	i			•		•	1		ı			2,954	2,954		<i>₩</i>	•	Fund	Maintenance	Deferred

13,996,485	\$ 52,198 \$	\$ 5,511,417	\$ 2,008,788	\$ 4,029,914	Ψ 1,502,137
	1,001				\$ 1563 120
(3,000,794)	4,337 47 861	589,341 4 922 076	1,848,915	(993,113) 5.023.027	3,401,842
1,374,047	1,118,954	534,490	2,274,614	(56,246)	(625,302)
(3,496,882)	1	ı	4	(56,246)	(1,568,173)
534,490		534,490	1	1	
4,336,439	1,118,954		2,274,614		942,871
(4,374,841)	(1,114,617)	54,851	(425,699)	(936,867)	(1,214,401)
12,622,163	1,118,954	4,507,203	432,456	987,779	1,886,903
2,707,104	633,954	1,772,203		1	300,947
3,495,966	485,000	2,735,000	•	1	78,952
2,504,114	r	ř	432,456	987,779	9/3,13/
606,074	1 4 7	1	ī		223,807
162,796	ŧ		ji	i	
45,812	1	ı	,	ı	1
621,591	1	ι	1	ı	
137,853		ı	ı	ı	ì
2,340,853	ř.	ı	ı	ï	,
8,247,322	4,337	4,562,054	6,757	50,912	672,502
5,243,132	4,337	4,487,366	6,757	50,912	672,502
2,956,052	Ĭ.	74,688	ı	ı	
\$ 48,138	\$	⇔	€9	€	⇔
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Debt Service Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Special Reserve Capital Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Capital Facilities Fund

GENERAL FUND SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION THREE-YEAR SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

ENDING FUND BALANCE TO TOTAL REVENUES	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING FUND BALANCE, ENDING	FUND BALANCE	Net financing sources (uses) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN	OTHER FINANCING USES	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	Total Expenditures	Other outgo	Capital outlay	Contracts and operating expenses	Books and supplies	Total Salaries and Benefits	Employee benefits	Classified salaries	Certificated salaries	Salaries and Benefits	EXPENDITURES	Total Revenues	Other local revenue	Interest revenue	Other State revenue	Lottery revenue	Special education revenue	Revenue limit revenue	Federal revenue	REVENUES					(Dollar amounts in thousands)
	43,405 \$ 38,018	(5,387)	1,933	`	(7,320)	224,518	76	1,915	26,273	9,020	187,234	50,564	33,420	103,250			217,198	1,566	226	35,550	3,551	16,098	137,985	\$ 22,222		Amount			2010-2011	
17.5		(2.5)	0.9	,	(3.4)	103.4	0.1	0.9	12.1	4.2	86.1	23.2	15.4	47.5			100.0	1.0	0.3	16.0	1.6	7.4	63.5	10.2		Revenue	of	Percent	2011	P
	\$ 55,876	(9,990)	(1,027)		(8,963)	218,497	306	357	20,530	7,194	190,110	47,714	34,733	107,663			209,534	2,921	392	39,021	3,281	12,110	127,810	\$ 23,999		Amount			2009-2010	Actual Results for the Years
26.7		(4.8)	(0.5)		(4.3)	104.3	0.1	0.2	9.8	3.4	90.8	22.8	16.6	51.4			100.0	1.4	0.2	18.6	1.6	5.8	61.0	11.4		Revenue	of	Percent	010	for the Yea
	\$ 53,395	12,471	(2,2/1)		14,742	226,537	(139)	1,460	23,112	10,683	191,421	46,416	34,046	110,959)		241,279	2,248	1,237	40,270	3,280	9,243	153,850	\$ 31,151		Amount			2008-2009	
22.1		5.3	(0.9)	8	6.2				9.6								100.0	0.9	0.5	16.7	1.4	3.8	63.8	12.9))	Revenue	of	Percent	009	

THREE-YEAR SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 CAFETERIA ACCOUNT SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

* * • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	TO TOTAL REVENUES	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING FUND BALANCE, ENDING ENDING FUND BALANCE	Net financing uses	EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING USES	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER	Culer Total Expanditure	Supplies	Food	Salaries and employee benefits	EXPENDITURES	Total Revenues	Other	Food sales	State meal program	Federal	REVENUES					(Dollar amounts in thousands)
		\$ 11,374	(1,912)	2,242 :	14,2/6	1,494	1,888	6,255	4,639		16,518	54	1,427	1,216	\$ 13,821		Amount			2010-2011	
	68.9			7.6	92.4	8.7	3.7	46.9	33.1		100.0	0.3	8.6	7.4	83.7		Revenue	of	Percent	011	7
		\$ 11,044	1	2,569	12,656	1,080	1,404	5,622	4,550		15,225	51	1,646	990	\$ 12,538		Amount			2009-2010	Actual Results for the Years
	72.5			7.6	92.4	8.7	3.7	46.9	33.1		100.0	0.3	10.8	6.5	82.4	, so reliado	Revenue	of	Percent	010	for the Year
		\$ 7,384	1	1,091 7.6	13,149	1,237	528	6,674	4,710		14.240	35	2,063	867	\$ 11,275	, simodiit	Amount			2008-2	ν,
	51.9			7.6	92.4	8.7	3.7	46.9	33.1		100.0	0.2	14.5	6.1	79.2	IXCACIIOC.	Pavanija	of	Percent	009	

TYPE 'A' LUNCH/BREAKFAST PARTICIPATION

*

*

Free Total Breakfast	Paid Paid Paid	Total Lunches	Free	Reduced price	Paid	TYPE 'A' LUNCHES	
1,435,534 1,671,120	126,817	4,077,206	3,245,594	339,734	491,878	Amount	2010-2011
85.9 100.0	7.6	100.0	79.6	8.3	12.1	Percent	011
1,207,960 1,422,362	114,137	3,991,384	3,064,464	381,903	545,017	Amount	2009-2010
7.1 84.9 100.0		100.0	76.8	9.5	13.7	Percent	010
118,396 1,084,693 1,337,129	134,040	4,095,160				Amount	2008-2009
81.1 100.0	10.0	100.0	72.6	11.1	16.3	Percent	009

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1- PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District

have been recorded in the current period as revenues that have not been expended as of June 30, 2011. reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist primarily of Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and in Business-Type Activities, and the related expenditures The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, unspent balances are reported as legally restricted ending balances within the General Fund. These unspent balances have been expended in the current period. In addition, Medi-Cal Billing Option funds ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization funds that in the previous period were recorded as revenues but were unspent.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

governing board, and members of the administration. This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

at various grade levels and in different programs. State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2011

Schedule of Instructional Time

District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206 The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the

instruction minutes for the fiscal years 2009-10 through 2012-13. Fourth Extraordinary Session (SBX4 2) allows for an equivalent five-day reduction to the required number of requirements, whichever is greater, as required by Education Code Section 46201. Senate Bill 2 of the 2009-10 Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements. This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues

General Fund Selected Financial Information

General Fund for the past three years This schedule provides a comparison of revenues and expenditures as a percentage of total revenue for the

Cafeteria Account Selected Financial Information

cafeteria account for the past three years This schedule provides a comparison of revenues and expenditures as a percentage of total revenue for the

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

77

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Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board
Rialto Unified School District
Rialto, California

Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise Rialto Unified School District's basic financial statements and have fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rialto Unified School District as of and for the year ended We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rialto Unified School District's internal control over on the effectiveness of the Rialto Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, financial reporting. purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Rialto Unified The management of Rialto Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective

will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or

deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first

Compliance and Other Matters

our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the Government Auditing Standards. free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rialto Unified School District's financial statements are

dated December 9, 2011. We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Rialto Unified School District in a separate letter

is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California

Vanparele Jama Day Rancho Cucamonga, California December 9, 2011



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL

Governing Board
Rialto Unified School District
Rialto, California

Compliance

School District's compliance based on our audit. Rialto Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Rialto Unified of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major Federal programs is the responsibility of results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements June 30, 2011. Rialto Unified School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' direct and material effect on each of Rialto Unified School District's major Federal programs for the year ended in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a We have audited Rialto Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described

determination of Rialto Unified School District's compliance with those requirements. believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Rialto Unified School District's compliance with requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United

requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs In our opinion, Rialto Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal Federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Rialto Unified School District's internal express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Rialto Unified School District's internal control over compliance of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to The management of Rialto Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective

deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to corrected, on a timely basis. noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance

compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph

is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California

Now Minds , Journ , Day & Co., Lle Rancho Cucamonga, California December 9, 2011



Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board
Rialto Unified School District
Rialto, California

responsibility is to express an opinion on Rialto Unified School District's compliance based on our audit requirements referred to above is the responsibility of Rialto Unified School District's management. Our School District's government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2011. Compliance with the and Procedures for Audit of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2010-11 applicable to Rialto Unified We have audited Rialto Unified School District's compliance with the requirements as identified in the Standards

opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Rialto Unified School District's compliance with considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our Rialto Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about those requirements. whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on Educational Agencies 2010-11 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about Comptroller General of the United States; and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

the year ended June 30, 2011. requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for In our opinion, Rialto Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance

Rialto Unified School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items: In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the

Attendance reporting Kindergarten continuance Independent study Continuation education	Attendance Accounting:
8 3 23 10	Procedures in Audit Guide
Yes Yes Yes Yes	Procedures Performed

Charter Schools: Contemporaneous records of attendance Mode of instruction Non classroom-based instruction/independent study Determination of funding for non classroom-based instruction Annual instruction minutes classroom based	After School Education and Safety Program: General requirements After school Before school	General requirements Option one classes Option two classes District or charter schools with only one school serving K-3	Gann limit calculation School Accountability Report Card Public hearing requirement - receipt of funds Class Size Reduction Program (including in Charter Schools):	Instructional Materials: General requirements Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers Classroom Teacher Salaries Early retirement incentive	Instructional Time: School districts County offices of education
1 1 3 3	5 4 4	443	1 - 5 -	4 1 1 8	Procedures in Audit Guide 6 3
Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable	Yes Yes Not Applicable	Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Procedures Performed Yes Not Applicable

specified parties. agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, Federal awarding

Novinal James, Day & Cs., Lit Rancho Cucamonga, California December 9, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

STATE AWARDS Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for State programs:	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	93.778 Child Nutrition Cluster Medi-Cal Assistance Cluster	84.392 (ARRA) Special Education (IDEA) Cluster (Including ARRA) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Cluster	(ARRA),	CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Identification of major programs:	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with	Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	FEDERAL AWARDS	Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?
Unqualified	\$ 1,236,670 No		RA)			No		None reported Unqualified		Unqualified No No None reported No

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

None reported.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings

2010-1 40000

After School Education and Safety Program

Criteria or Specific Requirements

maintained by each site and be consistent with the early release policy. number of students served by the program as reported semiannually to the California Department of Compliance requirements mandate that schools maintain adequate source documents supporting the school pupils participate in the full day of the program every day during which pupils participate. Per California Education Code Section 8483(a)(2), it is the intent of the Legislature that elementary Education. Additionally, adequate documentation that supports attendance participation must be

Condition

supporting evidence. Form issued in accordance with the program's early release policies were not always kept as in accordance to the program's early release policies adopted by the District. The Early Release There appears to be no verifiable records that can support instances where students leaving early are

Questioned Costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the condition found.

Context

one sites that operate the after school program, specifically we reviewed one school from each of the 3rd party administrators operating the program. The issue was noted when the auditor attempted to not have an Early Release Form on file for the date in which students were released early. Early Release Forms on file. However, 14 of 29 students selected from Boyd Elementary School did September to the Early Release Forms. All 15 students selected from Frisbie Middle School had reconcile a sample of 39 students who were signed out early on a specific date during the month of The condition identified was identified through review of attendance records from two of the twenty-

臣ffect

participated in the full day of the program except as established in the early release policy Section 8483(a)(2). There is not sufficient documentation to support whether or not students As a result of our testing, the District does not appear to be in compliance with Education Code

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Cause

Although the District has adapted an early release form to be used for documenting the early release of students, it does not appear as though the form was used to document all cases of early release.

Recommendation

ensure that the sites operating the program are following the established procedures students that are signed out early. The District should include review and follow-up procedures to The District should ensure that the Early Release Form adapted for the program is used for all

Current Status

Implemented

2010-2 40000

After School Education and Safety Program – Attendance Reporting

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Per California Education Code Section 8483(a)(2), pupils in middle school or junior high school must participate a minimum of nine hours a week and three days a week to accomplish the program

Condition

an external agency, Athletes for Life (AFL). AFL currently utilizes sign in sheets to document signing out and documenting the time of sign out. However, the students are not signing in and students participating in the program. In reviewing the sign-in sheet, participating students are meeting the requirements set forth under California Education Code Section 8483(a)(2). indicating the time of sign-in. As a result, the auditor was unable to determine if the District is The administration of the District's After School Education and Safety program has been delegated to

Questioned Costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the condition identified

Context

to record student attendance for the month of September. The review was conducted in an effort to pass-through entity, which was identified as San Bernardino County Superintendent of Schools. verify the accuracy and consistency of monthly attendance reports being remitted to the District's The condition was identified during the course of reviewing sample source documents used by AFL

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Effect

the month tested (September) total students served by AFL were 7,963. did not associate a fiscal impact to the District as a result of the condition identified. However, for Section 8483(a)(2), with respect to its ASES program administered at middle schools. The auditor The District appears to be unable to demonstrate its compliance with California Education Code

Cause

vendor was not aware of the District's policy pertaining to sign-in procedures. School Education and Safety Program is a new vendor to the District this year and it appears that the The third party agency (Athletes for Life) used by the District to administer its middle school After

Recommendation

District should also encourage Athletes for Life to fully utilize its attendance sign-in sheets. demonstrate the District's compliance with California Education Code Section 8483(a)(2). currently being used by Athletes for Life incorporates all elements essential for reporting and to Life in order to prevent future non-compliance issues. It appears that attendance sign-in sheets The District should clearly communicate its expectation for attendance documentation to Athletes for

Current Status

Implemented

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Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Governing Board
Rialto Unified School District
Rialto, California

the internal control structure. procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on for the year ended June 30, 2011, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Rialto Unified School District (the District),

operating efficiency. The following items represent a condition noted by our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated December 9, 2011, on the financial statements of Rialto Unified School District. However, during our audit we noted matters that are an opportunity for strengthening internal controls and

INTERNAL CONTROLS

Risk Management

Observation

result of the fact that the District utilizes two systems. There may be other factors contributing to the need for the historically had to make a large adjustment to clear the remaining balance in the account. This may be partially a analysis of health benefit accounting on the general ledger (object code 9564) noted that the District has discrepancies where the information in E-Benefits did not match the information in the Payroll System. Further agreed with the information in the Payroll system. Out of the 30 people selected for testing, the auditor found two large adjustment that the District should evaluate. system. The auditor selected a sample of 30 employees/retirees to determine if the information in E-Benefits reconciliation process does not include a procedure to compare this same information to what is in the Payroll process for ensuring that information in E-Benefits agrees with what is billed by the health benefit vendors, the system based on the information provided to them by Risk Management. While the District has a reconciliation As a result, Payroll Department employees must manually input all health benefit elections into the Payroll health benefits. This program is separate from the Payroll system and does not integrate with the Payroll system. The Risk Management Department utilizes a software system known as E-Benefits to track employee and retiree

Recommendation

determine if any other issues exist that contribute to the large adjustment to the 9564 object code at year-end benefit information. Additionally, the District should review procedures related to health benefit accounting to resulting from manual input, but it will increase efficiency as there will not be a need for dual input of the health will integrate with the Payroll system such as the County system. Not only will this assist in reducing errors The District should consider implementing a Risk Management software program for tracking health benefits that

Governing Board Rialto Unified School District

Position Control

Observation

access to change employee salary placement. payroll system. Since the Payroll Department is also responsible for processing payroll, they should not have in the payroll technicians having to manually enter employee information including salary placement in the position control function is not integrated with the Human Resource or County Payroll systems. This has resulted The District is currently utilizing a Human Resource system other than the County system. As a result, the

However, there is no additional review performed during the course of the year for subsequent changes to pay Human Resource system to the same information recorded in the Payroll system at the beginning of the year. procedure in an effort to mitigate this risk. The District reconciles the employee pay status recorded in the Upon further inquiry with the client, we noted that District Management has developed an independent review

Recommendation

that data input by the payroll technicians into the payroll system is properly recorded and that all changes have alternative to this would include an independent review by someone other than Payroll Department staff to ensure through to the Payroll system, where the payroll technicians would then be responsible solely for processing Department maintains responsibility for entering employee data. This data would then automatically flow ensure that unauthorized changes are not made. When the County system is utilized, the Human Resources entering employee information and rates of pay into the Human Resource (Personnel) and Payroll system(s) to Adequate segregation of duties dictates that a person independent of the payroll function should be responsible for payments to employees. been approved The District could implement the County system to resolve the issue noted.

ATTENDANCE

Carter High School

Observation

signatures on the weekly attendance verification forms for two weeks during the attendance test month. The auditor noted that two out of the five attendance rosters selected for testing did not contain the teacher

Recommendation

signed and returned to the attendance office document. The District should follow-up with the site to ensure that all weekly verification forms have been teachers. Follow-up procedures should be performed when a teacher fails to sign and submit their verification The site should ensure that procedures established for the weekly verification of attendance are followed by all

Governing Board Rialto Unified School District

ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY

Carter High School

Observation

During the audit over the Associated Student Body's internal controls, we noted the following

- which can hinder the safeguarding of cash. to the date of deposit were noted. This could result in large cash balances being maintained at the sites Deposits are not being made in a timely manner. Delays in deposit up to 15 days from the date of receipt
- 2 Cash overages/shortages as calculated during the end of day sales closeout reports were not reasonably
- ယ services were purchased. cash disbursements tested where the student body approved the purchase request after the goods or Cash disbursements are not always preapproved by the student body. The auditor noted five out of the 15
- 4 disbursements that did not have a purchase request, invoice or receiving documentation as support for the Cash disbursements are not adequately supported by invoices. The auditor noted one out of 15 cash
- S of 15 cash disbursements that did not have supporting receiving documentation to ensure the goods were actually received. Cash disbursements are not adequately supported by receiving documentation. The auditor noted one out
- A master ticket control log is not maintained by the site.
 Inventory balances are not recorded on the halance shee
- at the site. Since there is no accountability for inventory activity, the site is unable to determine if losses have occurred Inventory balances are not recorded on the balance sheet, therefore perpetual inventory is not maintained
- ∞ which prolonged the discovery of this activity. statements. Additionally, the bank reconciliations are not reviewed by someone other than the preparer, clerk; however it appears the outstanding adjustments are acting as a "plug" number to reconcile the bank determine how the errors occurred due to lack of documentation and explanation by the previous ASB year identified the outstanding adjustments ranged from \$15,000 to \$140,000. We were unable to clerk and was not explainable. Further review of bank reconciliations at the beginning of the academic inquiry with the ASB clerk, this adjustment was due to a systematic error made by the previous ASB Per review of the bank reconciliation, the auditor noted a \$15,834 outstanding adjustment. Through

Recommendation

- cash on hand before leaving for the summer. site. In addition, the site should ensure that year-end closeout procedures include depositing all remaining guidelines for such a procedure including the maximum cash on hand that should be maintained at the cash activity there may be a need to make more than one deposit. The District should communicate Deposits should be made weekly to minimize the amount of cash held at the site. During weeks of high
- Ņ significant discrepancies should be reported to the site administration since this is a loss of cash. bank deposits and document it on the closeout reports that accompany the bank deposits. In addition, any The ASB clerk should determine the reason for cash overages and shortages noted while preparing the
- ယ being purchased are allowable and necessary for the student body. process. Preapproval from the ASB is necessary for all cash disbursements to ensure goods and services the goods or services. ASB policy should be communicated to club advisors regarding the disbursement The site should ensure all cash disbursements are being preapproved by the ASB prior to purchasing of

Governing Board Rialto Unified School District

- 4 All cash disbursements should be adequately supported by documentation. All cash disbursements unless the ASB clerk has all supporting documentation to verify occurrence and approval of the order. body as well as administration have approved of the disbursement. Disbursements should not be paid signatures. Supporting documentation verifies the transactions have actually occurred and the student require a purchase request, invoice, verification of receiving the goods and the applicable approval
- S All expenditures should indicate whether the items purchased have been received. This can be noted with
- 6 ticket stock is properly accounted for and prevents their misuse and theft. a stamp, signature, packing slip, etc. This reduces the risk of items being paid for but not received. The ASB should develop and maintain a master ticket control log. Ticket controls logs ensure that all
- 7. sheet so that assets are correctly stated. accountability of all assets held. All inventory transactions should be documented on the general ledger, The ASB should ensure that inventory held for sale has been properly accounted for to ensure variances have taken place. The ASB should be recording the cost value of the inventory on the balance between the physical inventory and inventory reflected on the general ledger to determine if unusual inventory transactions and arriving at the ending inventory, the ASB has the ability to perform an analysis including purchases and sales to assist the physical inventory reconciliation process. By summarizing the
- 00 should ensure that a bank reconciliation review process is in place by someone other than the preparer of the bank reconciliation to allow for such activity to be identified and followed up on in a timely manner. Any necessary adjustments should be properly documented and reasonably explained. The District The District should consider investigating the reason for such a necessary adjustment to the bank

Jehue Middle School

Observations

During the audit over the Associated Student Body's internal controls, we noted the following:

- Two out of three revenue potential forms tested were not filled out completely.
- 2. were actually received. out of ten cash disbursements that did not have supporting receiving documentation to ensure the goods Cash disbursements are not adequately supported by receiving documentation. The auditor noted eight
- ယ services were purchased. cash disbursements tested where the student body approved the purchase request after the goods or Cash disbursements are not always preapproved by the student body. The auditor noted one out of the ten

Recommendations

- documented on the form. The site administrator should ensure that these forms are completed and turned overages and shortages or losses of merchandise. An explanation of any overages/shortages must be in at the conclusion of the fundraiser. in actually were based on the price of the item and number sold. The form is also used to document form is important because it shows whether or not all the monies that should have been raised and turned Revenue potentials must be completely filled out at the end of each fundraiser. The revenue potentials
- ?2 a stamp, signature, packing slip, etc. This reduces the risk of items being paid for but not received. All expenditures should indicate whether the items purchased have been received. This can be noted with
- $\dot{\omega}$ the goods or services. ASB policy should be communicated to club advisors regarding the disbursement being purchased are allowable and necessary for the student body. process. Preapproval from the ASB is necessary for all cash disbursements to ensure goods and services The site should ensure all cash disbursements are being preapproved by the ASB prior to purchasing of

Variab, James Day-Co., Lld

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 9, 2011